ADULT PRE-EXERCISE SCREENING SYSTEM (APSS)



This screening tool is part of the Adult Pre-Exercise Screening System (APSS) that also includes guidelines (see User Guide) on how to use the information collected and to address the aims of each stage. No warranty of safety should result from its use. The screening system in no way guarantees against injury or death. No responsibility or liability whatsoever can be accepted by Exercise & Sport Science Australia, Fitness Australia, Sports Medicine Australia or Exercise is Medicine for any loss, damage, or injury that may arise from any person acting on any statement or information contained in this system.

Full Name:								
Date of Birth:		Male	: Fer	nale:	Other:			
STAGE 1 (COMPUL	.SORY)							
AIM: To identify individua adverse event due t exercise session, re	o exercise. An ad	dverse event	refers to an ur	expected	d event that occ			
This stage may be s the figures on page for clarification.				screenin				
Has your medical practitioner suffered a stroke?	ever told you tha	it you have a l	neart condition			169	NU	
2. Do you ever experience unexplained pains or discomfort in your chest at rest or during physica activity/exercise?					g physical			
3. Do you ever feel faint, dizzy or lose balance during physical activity/exercise?								
4. Have you had an asthma attack requiring immediate medical attention at any time over the last 12 months?								
5. If you have diabetes (type 1 or 2) have you had trouble controlling your blood sugar (glucose) in the last 3 months?								
6. Do you have any other cond	itions that may r	equire specia	al consideration	n for you	u to exercise?			
IF YOU ANSWERED 'YES' to a allied health professional or i					n appropriate			
IF YOU ANSWERED 'NO' to all of exercise per week.	of the 6 questions,	please proce	ed to question	7 and cal	culate your typic	al weighted physi	cal activity/	
7. Describe your current physical activity/exercise levels in a typical week by stating the frequency and duration at the different intensities. For intensity guidelines consult figure 2.				W	Weighted physical activity/exercise per week			
Intensity Frequency (number of sessions per week)	Light	Moderate	Vigorous/Hig	h Tot		inutes of light + r x minutes of vigo		
Duration				то)TAL =	minutes per	week	
If your total is less than 150 mi intensity slowly.				ity exerci	se is recommen	ded. Increase you	ur volume and	
If your total is more than or eq	ual to 150 minute	s per week th	en continue w	ith your c	urrent physical	activity/exercise i	ntensity levels.	
It is advised that you discuss a	ny progression (v	olume, intensi	ty, duration, mo	dality) wi	th an exercise p	rofessional to opti	mise your results	
l believe that to the best of my k	nowledge, all of	the informat	ion I have sup	plied wit	hin this screeni	ng tool is correc	t.	
Client signature: Date:								







FIGURE 1: Stage 1 Screening Steps

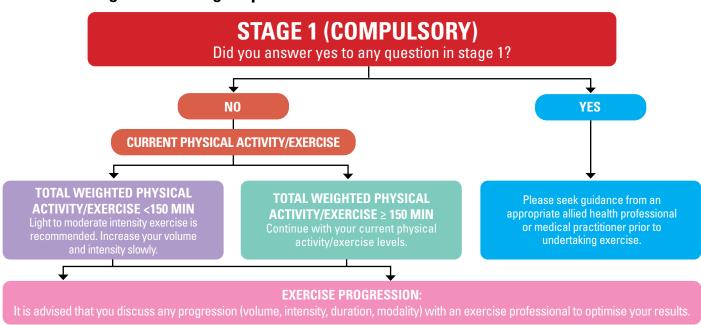
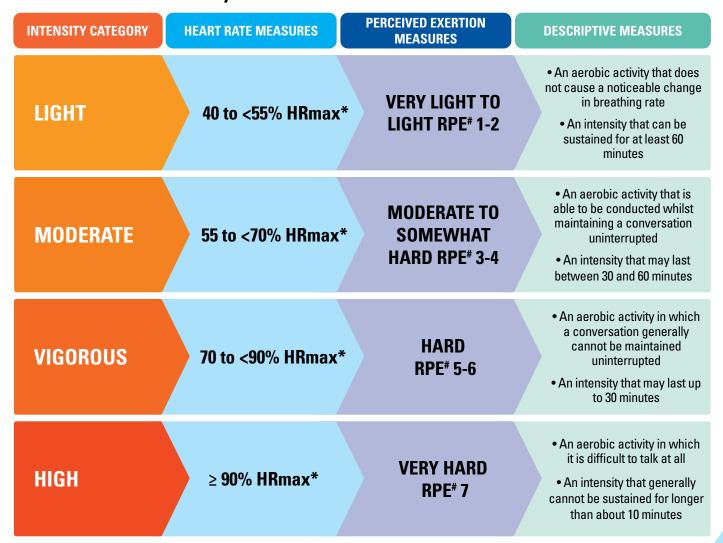


FIGURE 2: Exercise Intensity Guidelines



^{*} HRmax = estimated heart rate maximum. Calculated by subtracting age in years from 220 (e.g. for a 50 year old person = 220 - 50 = 170 beats per minute).

Modified from Norton K, L. Norton & D. Sadgrove. (2010). Position statement on physical activity and exercise intensity terminology. J Sci Med Sport 13, 496-502.





^{# =} Borg's Rating of Perceived Exertion (RPE) scale, category scale 0-10.

STAGE 2 (RECOMMENDED)



AIM:

This stage is to be completed with an exercise professional to determine appropriate exercise prescription based on established risk factors.

CLIENT DETAILS	GUIDELINES FOR ASSESSING RISK
8. Demographics	Risk of an adverse event increases with age, particularly males ≥ 45 yr and
Age:	females ≥ 55 yr.
Male Female Other	
9. Family history of heart disease (e.g. stroke, heart attack)? Relationship (e.g. father) Age at heart disease event	A family history of heart disease refers to an event that occurs in relatives including parents, grandparents, uncles and/or aunts before the age of 55 years.
10. Do you smoke cigarettes on a daily or weekly basis or have you quit smoking in the last 6 months? Yes No If currently smoking, how many per day or week? ——————————————————————————————————	Smoking, even on a weekly basis, substantially increases risk for premature death and disability. The negative effects are still present up to at least 6 months post quitting.
11. Body composition	Any of the below increases the risk of chronic diseases:
Weight (kg) Height (cm)	BMI ≥ 30 kg/m ²
Body Mass Index (kg/m²)	Waist > 94 cm male or > 80 cm female
Waist circumference (cm)	
12. Have you been told that you have high blood pressure?	Either of the below increases the risk of heart disease:
Yes No	Systolic blood pressure ≥ 140 mmHg
If known, systolic/diastolic (mmHg)	Diastolic blood pressure ≥ 90 mmHg
Are you taking any medication for this condition?	
Yes No	
If yes, provide details	
in yes, provide details	
13. Have you been told that you have high cholesterol/	Any of the below increases the risk of heart disease:
blood lipids? Yes No	Total cholesterol ≥ 5.2 mmol/L
If known:	HDL < 1.0 mmol/L
Total cholesterol (mmol/L)	LDL ≥ 3.4 mmol/L
HDL (mmol/L)	
LDL (mmol/L)	Triglycerides ≥ 1.7 mmol/L
Triglycerides (mmol/L) Are you taking any medication for this condition?	
Yes No	
If yes, provide details	
,, p, p	





CLIENT DETAILS	GUIDELINES FOR ASSESSING RISK
14. Have you been told that you have high blood sugar (glucose)?	Fasting blood sugar (glucose) \geq 5.5 mmol/L increases the risk of diabetes.
Yes No	
If known:	
Fasting blood glucose (mmol/L)	
Are you taking any medication for this condition?	
Yes No	
If yes, provide details	
15. Are you currently taking prescribed medication(s) for any condition(s)? These are additional to those already provided. Yes No If yes, what are the medical conditions?	Taking medication indicates a medically diagnosed problem. Judgment is required when taking medication information into account for determining appropriate exercise prescription because it is common for clients to list 'medications' that include contraceptive pills, vitamin supplements and other non-pharmaceutical tablets. Exercise professionals are not expected to have an exhaustive understanding of medications. Therefore, it may be important to use common language to describe what medical conditions the drugs are prescribed for.
16. Have you spent time in hospital (including day admission) for any condition/illness/injury during the last 12 months? Yes No If yes, provide details	There are positive relationships between illness rates and death versus the number and length of hospital admissions in the previous 12 months. This includes admissions for heart disease, lung disease (e.g., Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease (COPD) and asthma), dementia, hip fractures, infectious episodes and inflammatory bowel disease. Admissions are also correlated to 'poor health' status and negative health behaviours such as smoking, alcohol consumption and poor diet patterns.
17. Are you pregnant or have you given birth within the last 12 months? Yes No If yes, provide details	During pregnancy and after recent childbirth are times to be more cautious with exercise. Appropriate exercise prescription results in improved health to mother and baby. However, joints gradually loosen to prepare for birth and may lead to an increased risk of injury especially in the pelvic joints. Activities involving jumping, frequent changes of direction and excessive stretching should be avoided, as should jerky ballistic movements. Guidelines/fact sheets can be found here: 1) www.exerciseismedicine.com.au 2) www.fitness.org.au/Pre-and-Post-Natal-Exercise-Guidelines
18. Do you have any diagnosed muscle, bone, tendon, ligament or joint problems that you have been told could be made worse by participating in exercise? Yes No If yes, provide details	Almost everyone has experienced some level of soreness following unaccustomed exercise or activity but this is not really what this question is designed to identify. Soreness due to unaccustomed activity is not the same as pain in the joint, muscle or bone. Pain is more extreme and may represent an injury, serious inflammatory episode or infection. If it is an acute injury then it is possible that further medical guidance may be required.
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Important Information: This screening tool is part of the Adult Pre-Exercise Screening System ('APSS') and should be read with the APSS guidelines (see User Guide) on how to use the information collected and to address the aims of each stage. This does not constitute medical advice. This form, the guidelines and the APSS (together 'the material') is not intended for use to diagnose, treat, cure or prevent any medical conditions, is not intended to be professional advice and is not a substitute for independent health professional advice. Exercise & Sports Science Australia, Fitness Australia, Sports Medicine Australia and Exercise is Medicine (together 'the organisations') do not accept liability for any claims, howsoever described, for loss, damage and/or injury in connection with the use of any of the material, or any reliance on the information therein. While care has been taken to ensure the information contained in the material is accurate at the date of publication, the organisations do not warrant its accuracy. No warranties (including but not limited to warranties as to safety) and no guarantees against injury or death are given by the organisations in connection with the use or reliance on the material. If you intend to take any action or inaction based on this form, the guidelines and/or the APSS, it is recommended that you obtain your own professional advice based on your specific circumstances.



